

Charmouth Primary School



Positive Behaviour Policy

September 2019

Charmouth Primary School will treat all people with equal respect and concern, and will respect, value and celebrate their individuality. Any incidents of discrimination will be recognised, recorded and challenged in such a way as to promote a positive outcome for all.

Philosophy

Everyone at Charmouth Primary School has a part to play in the promotion of high standards of behaviour. This policy is intended to ensure that there is an agreed and shared philosophy that promotes an ethos of positive behaviour and supports the whole school community in relation to wellbeing, learning and social development. It also outlines the procedures that the school uses to support children and young people in managing their own behaviour and enables staff to act consistently and with confidence.

Aims

The aims of our approach to behaviour:

- To be welcoming and inclusive
- To maintain, encourage and promote positive behaviour
- To agree rewards and consequences
- To create a firm and consistent approach throughout the school
- To encourage independence and personal confidence
- To involve learners and parents
- To have effective relationships built on respect
- To encourage a 'have a go' attitude
- To celebrate success

Promoting Positive Behaviour

Charmouth Primary School places a high emphasis on positive behaviour. The behaviour and social development of our pupils is a key factor in their access to and interaction with the community, their continuing development and the quality of their lives. Everyone who comes into the school - learners, parents, staff and visitors - has responsibility for promoting positive behaviour by demonstrating clear values and principles through respect for others, honesty, praise, being inclusive, teaching right from wrong, getting on with people and establishing positive relationships.

Rules, Rewards and Consequences

Pupils, parents and staff were consulted in order to develop our rules, rewards and consequences. Posters of these are displayed in every classroom and throughout the school (see appendix 1).

Behaviour Expectations

Our Golden Rules set out our expectations and are explicitly referred to when praising or reinforcing behaviour. These are displayed throughout the school.

1. Show respect to everyone and everything

We expect mutual respect from all members of the school community, demonstrated through actions and words towards each other as well as away from each other

2. Be kind, caring and helpful

We expect all members of the school community to show compassion by being kind and caring and to help one another where this is appropriate

3. Be honest and fair

We expect all members of the school community to act honestly and fairly

4. Give everything a go

We expect all members of the school community to demonstrate resilience and perseverance by giving everything a go

Classroom management and teaching methods have an important influence on the learner's behaviour. Our classroom environments give a clear message to learners about the extent they as learners and the effort they make are valued. We know that relationships between all adults and learners, the layout of the classrooms, classroom displays, access to resources and strategies to encourage positive behaviour choices all have a bearing on how learners behave.

We aim to ensure that all classrooms are organised to develop independence and are arranged to aid accessibility for all learners with displays developing learners self-esteem through demonstrating the value of every learner.

Praise, Reward and Celebration

When pupils are well engaged and learning we need to 'catch them getting it right' through specific praise, celebration and reward. Rewards posters displayed throughout the school, outline examples of how these behaviours can be celebrated. Learners should also be made aware that their positive behaviour can be rewarding in itself and also brings about positive experiences and feelings in others. Our weekly celebration assembly celebrates success in behaviour as well as in learning.

Non verbal praise may include smiling, thumbs up, nodding of the head.

Stickers are available in every class. Children may wear their sticker or have a sticker chart in their classroom.

Children are in one of four **house teams**. They can earn points for their house. The team with the highest points at half term will receive an extra 10 minutes of play time; the winning house at the end of a term will have a non-uniform day.

Star Certificates are presented in celebration assembly.

Pebbles in the bucket can be earned by an individual, group or whole class. When the bucket is full, the whole class receives the reward agreed as a class; this may include a film afternoon, extra sports sessions, golden time, a trip to the beach (with relevant staffing)

Consequences

When positive behaviour is not being demonstrated, clear consequences are an opportunity for children to reflect on their choices and take steps to make positive behaviour choices. Further consequences provide opportunities for children to consider the wider impact of behaviour choices.

1. Non verbal reminder: Such as 'a look' or refocussing attention to the learning
2. Golden rule reminder: A positive reminder of the Golden Rule(s) that need to be adhered to
3. Time away in class: This may be moving a child to work at a different table or with a different group or involve moving a child to an independent learning space within the classroom (on the playground, this is time away from the group)
4. Play time reflection: Time should be spent in the classroom reflecting on the behaviour before having a discussion with the teacher considering any roots to the behaviour and reminders of positive behaviour choices. Children will still get the majority of their play time (on the playground, this is time spent with an adult on duty)
5. Time away out of class: A child may be sent to another class to complete their work for a limited time
 - Starfish to Seahorses
 - Seahorses to Dolphins
 - Dolphins to Turtles
 - Turtles to Sharks
 - Sharks to Seahorses

(During a playtime, a child may be sent to the office)
6. Educational Consequence: A child will spend time with their teacher to learn about the impact of their actions; a think sheet will be completed (see appendix 2)
7. Head teacher informed and letter home: Parents are informed by letter or email with appropriate details of incidents and an outline of the consequence

During morning break or lunchtimes, children who need to catch up on work they have not completed due to their behaviour choices may be required to stay in class for a short period. Class teachers will log electronically any children requiring catch up.

Some behaviours exhibited may be persistent or more challenging. In such cases, additional consequences may be implemented, see below. Where a child is persistently unable to follow the golden rules or exhibits more challenging behaviour repeatedly, an individual behaviour plan and/or individual risk assessment may be required. A behaviour plan will involve a meeting with parents or carers and the individual child to ensure all parties understand clearly the actions and expectations of the school and what specific action the school may take. It will take into account the age, understanding and competence of the individual and be based on promoting positive behaviour choices. An individual risk assessment will identify risks to individuals, other members of the community and to school and personal property. It will include measures to reduce the risks.

Persistent Disruption to Learning

In a case of recorded persistent disruption to teaching and learning, the following consequences may be used before or as part of an individual behaviour plan;

- Report card (see appendix 3)
- Exit from the class – working elsewhere in the school
- Educational consequences
- Exclusion from play or lunch times
- Removal of privileges, responsibilities, additional activities and/or opportunities
- Internal exclusion
- Fixed term exclusion

Bullying or Severe Playground Incident

In the event of bullying or a severe playground incident, the following consequences may be used;

- Exit from playground
- Incidents logged
- Educational consequences
- Think sheet completed and discussed with an adult
- Playground exclusion
- Internal exclusion
- Fixed Term Exclusion

Discrimination, Racial abuse and / or gender abuse

In the event of an incident regarded as discrimination, racial abuse or gender abuse, parents/carers will be informed and the following consequences may be used;

- Incident logged formally
- Think sheet completed and discussed with an adult
- Racial and Bullying Incidents must also be recorded either in Racial or Bullying File
- Fixed term exclusion

Violence and Physical Aggression

In the event of a violent or physically aggressive incident, parents/carers will be informed and the following consequences may be used;

- Exited from area
- Think sheet completed and discussed with an adult
- Formal record logged
- Internal exclusion
- Fixed Term Exclusion

High Severity Incidents

Permanent exclusion may be a consequence for incidents which are of the highest level of severity, these may include:

- Possession of offensive weapon
- Serious theft or vandalism
- Use of, or dealing in, illegal substances

- Malicious allegations against staff
- Violence towards a member of staff
- Violence causing significant harm to another
- Actions causing or leading to significant damage to property

Bullying

We believe bullying occurs when one or more children have the deliberate intention of hurting another child, either physically or emotionally, repeatedly. There is usually an imbalance of power and it results in pain and/or distress to one or more victims. Not all hurtful behaviour is bullying. We define bullying as an intentionally hurtful and repeated experience. We recognise that bullying can take many forms, including verbal, physical, psychological and cyber.

Prevention of bullying is key in ensuring all children feel safe and ready to learn; bullying is challenged and discussed in lessons, including PSHE and Computing, as well as in assemblies.

In the event of reported bullying, the school will investigate the report to establish whether the concerns fit our definition of bullying. In any case, the steps outlined above will be applied in supporting the child identified or accused of bullying. The school will support victims of bullying through additional support and guidance from staff.

Behaviour Outside the Classroom

Teachers have the power to discipline pupils for misbehaving outside of the school premises “to such an extent as is reasonable” as prescribed by Department for Education Guidance. This means that under the behaviour policy teachers may discipline pupils for:

- misbehaviour when the pupil is:
 - taking part in any school-organised or school-related activity
 - travelling to or from school
 - wearing school uniform
 - in some other way identifiable as a pupil at the school.
- misbehaviour at any time, whether or not the conditions above apply, that:
 - could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school
 - poses a threat to another pupil or member of the public
 - could adversely affect the reputation of the school.

In all cases of misbehaviour, the teacher can only discipline the pupil on school premises or elsewhere when the pupil is under the lawful control of the staff member.

Fixed-term and permanent exclusions

Only the head teacher has the power to exclude a pupil from school. The head teacher may exclude a pupil for one or more fixed periods, for up to 45 days in any one school year. The head teacher may also exclude a pupil permanently. It is also possible for the head teacher to convert a fixed-term exclusion into a permanent exclusion, if the circumstances warrant this.

If the decision is made to exclude a pupil, the parents should be informed immediately, giving reasons for the exclusion. A confirmation letter is then sent to the parents outlining reasons and number of days. At the time parents are informed, it should be made clear to the parents that they can, if they wish, appeal against the decision to the governing body. The school informs the

parents how to make any such appeal. The school informs the LA and the Governing Body about any permanent exclusion, and about any fixed-term exclusions beyond five days in any one term. The Governing Body itself cannot either exclude a pupil or extend the exclusion period made by the head teacher. When an appeals panel meets to consider any exclusion, they consider the circumstances in which the pupil was excluded, consider any representation by parents and the LA, and consider whether the pupil should be reinstated.

Learners with Special Educational Needs

We recognise that within a climate of inclusion there will be learners who need a personalised approach to their specific behavioural needs. In some cases this will mean that the school rewards and consequences are not the most appropriate means of dealing with their behaviour and other programmes of intervention and support may be used in conjunction with external agencies. Learners with behaviour difficulties on the SEND register may well have personalised support.

Foundation Stage

The philosophy of our Positive Behaviour Policy applies throughout the school. We recognise that the level of understanding a child has of their actions can vary and any response to displayed behaviours takes an individual's level of understanding into consideration.

Monitoring

Behaviour is monitored as part of learning walks on a termly basis. Records of behaviour incidents are monitored termly by members of the SLT considering the number of times a child is required to catch up on learning, number of times children are required to go to foster classes, children causing persistent disruption to learning, any severe or serious incidents and the number of children on behaviour plans. Behaviour monitoring, including any exclusion data, will be reported to governors via the head teacher report.

The Role of Governors

The Governing Body has the responsibility of setting down the general guidelines on standards of discipline and behaviour, and of reviewing their effectiveness. The Governors support the head teacher in carrying out the guidelines.

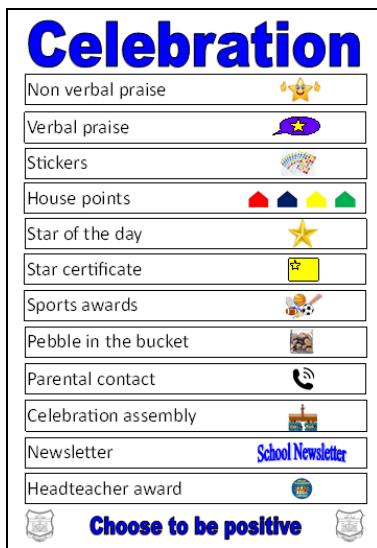
The head teacher has the day-to-day authority to implement the school behaviour policy, but the Governors may give advice to the head teacher about particular disciplinary issues. The head teacher must take this into account when making decisions about matters of behaviour.

Agreed March 2019

To be reviewed annually

Reviewed September 2019

Appendix 1: Posters



Playground Adjustment



Appendix 2: Think sheet



Name
Date

Reflect: Write or draw a picture of what you did wrong and how that made people feel

Repair: Write or draw a picture of who has been affected, how they have been affected and what you could do to fix things

Restore: Write or draw a picture of what you have learnt and would do differently

Talked through with _____ (adult)

Appendix 3: Model Report Card



Appendix 3: Model Behaviour Report Card
Card to be adapted for the individual and the class timetable

Name:	Class:	Week Beginning:				
Expectations:						
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>0= not achieved</td> <td>1= some effort to achieve</td> <td>2= almost achieved</td> <td>3= fully achieved</td> </tr> </table>			0= not achieved	1= some effort to achieve	2= almost achieved	3= fully achieved
0= not achieved	1= some effort to achieve	2= almost achieved	3= fully achieved			
8:45	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	
9:00						
9:30						
10:30	B	R	E	A	Singing Assembly	
10:45					K	
12:00	L	U	N	C	H	
1:00						
3:00	Celebration Assembly		Assembly	Assembly		
Total:						
Reward	Next Steps					